rheumatic fever

a subacute febrile syndrome occurring after group A β -hemolytic streptococcal infection (usually pharyngitis) and mediated by an immune response to the organism; most often seen in children and young adults; features include fever, myocarditis (causing tachycardia and sometimes acute cardiac failure), endocarditis (with valvular incompetence, followed after healing by scarring), and migratory polyarthritis; less often, subcutaneous nodules, erythema marginatum, and Syndenham chorea; relapses can occur after reinfection with streptococci.

Criteria for diagnosis of acute rheumatic fever were published by Jones in 1944. Regimens for prevention of initial and recurring attacks, and guidelines for treatment, have remained essentially unchanged for decades. Although acute rheumatic fever has ceased to be a major public health problem in the U.S., the incidence is still high in developing countries. In India, for example, where medical services have failed to keep pace with urbanization and industrialization, 250,000 new cases are diagnosed in school children annually. The incidence of rheumatic fever in the U.S., which had declined steadily for several decades after antibiotic treatment of streptococcal pharyngitis (strep throat) became standard, began rising again in the late 1980s and 1990s, with some urban clusters showing a 10-fold increase in incidence. Historically, rheumatic fever is a disease of children in lower socioeconomic strata. In a number of recent clusters, most of the victims were adults, and when children have been involved, they have often belonged to middle- and upper-class families. As many as 75% of patients denied any history of recent sore throat, and some of those who had been diagnosed with preceding strep throat had been treated with antibiotics. Cardiac and articular manifestations of rheumatic fever are considered autoimmune phenomena, due to a postulated rheumatogenic factor that has never been isolated. Pathogenicity in streptococci is known to be associated with the presence of an M protein in the cell membrane, which is also responsible for the appearance of a surface fuzz on microscopic examination of organisms, and the production of mucoid colonies on blood agar. Organisms implicated in several recent clusters of rheumatic fever have belonged to mucoid strains, particularly serotypes M 3 and M 18. Widespread antibiotic use in recent years, not all of it appropriate or justified by current medical knowledge, may have led to the resurgence of rheumatic fever by favoring the rise and spread of virulent strains of streptococcus, or by reducing the ability of certain populations to mount an immune response against them. Infectious disease authorities are currently reevaluating the diagnosis and management of streptococcal infection, particularly with respect to rapid slide tests and to drug regimens approved for use in the treatment of acute streptococcal pharyngitis and hence in the prophylaxis of rheumatic fever. See Jones criteria, under criterion.

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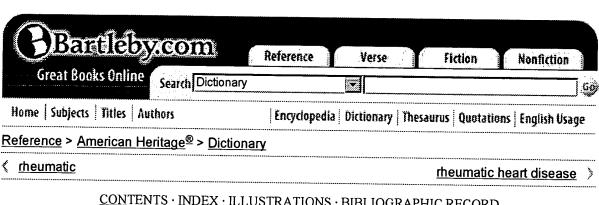
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rheumatic fever

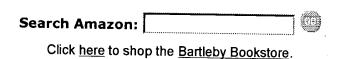
NOUN: A severe infectious disease occurring chiefly in children, characterized by fever and painful inflammation of the joints and frequently resulting in permanent damage to the valves of the heart

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rheumatic

rheumatic heart disease



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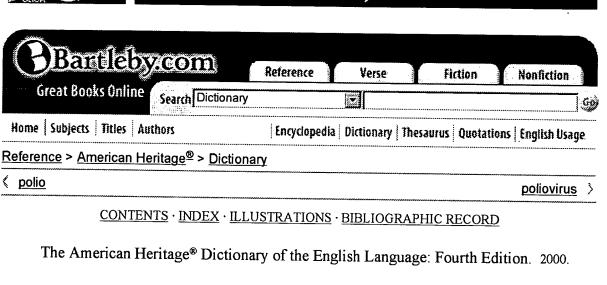
rheumatism (roo'ma'-tizm)

- 1. Obsolete term for rheumatic fever.
- 2. Indefinite term applied to various conditions with pain or other symptoms of articular origin or related to other elements of the musculoskeletal system.
- [G. rheumatismos, rheuma, a flux]





The New York Times



poliomyelitis

SYLLABICATION: po·li·o·my·e·li·tis

PRONUNCIATION:

pō'lē-ō-mī'ə-lī'tĭs

NOUN: A highly infectious viral disease that chiefly affects children and, in its

acute forms, causes inflammation of motor neurons of the spinal cord and brainstem, leading to paralysis, muscular atrophy, and often

deformity. Through vaccination, the disease is preventable. Also called

infantile paralysis.

ETYMOLOGY: New Latin: Greek polios, gray; see <u>pel-1</u> in Appendix I + <u>myelitis</u>.

OTHER FORMS: po'li-o-my'e-lit'ic (-l'it'ik) — ADJECTIVE

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Dictionary Unabridged Dictionary

One entry found for eczema.

Main Entry: ec·ze·ma 4) 4)

Pronunciation: ig-'zE-m&, 'eg-z&-m&, 'ek-s&-

Function: noun

Etymology: New Latin, from Greek ekzema, from ekzein to erupt,

from ex- out + zein to boil -- more at EX-, YEAST

Date: circa 1753

: an inflammatory condition of the skin characterized by redness, itching, and oozing vesicular lesions which become scaly, crusted, or hardened

- ec·zem·a·tous () /ig-'ze-m&-t&s/ adjective



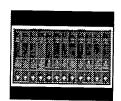
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Pronunciation Symbols

Click on the example word to hear it pronounced.

\&\ as a and u in abut

\e\ as e in <u>bet</u>

lol as aw in law

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L37	113 and 11	0	L37						
L36	(11 or 12) and (113)	0	L36						
L35	L3 and (113)	0	L35						
L34	L3 same (113)	0	L34						
L33	L3 near3 (113)	0	L33						
L32	L3 near3 (112)	9	L32						
L31	L3 same (112)	184	L31						
L30	L3 same (112 or 113)	184	L30						
L29	L3 same 19	4	L29						
L28	L1 and 19	146	L28						
L27	L1 near3 19	2	L27						
L26	L3 near3 19	0	L26						
L25	L2 near3 19	0	L25						
L24	L2 and 18	12	L24						
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L22	L3 and 111	66	L22						
L21	L3 and 18	24	L21						
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L18	L16 and 16	21	L18						
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L14	13 near3 14	1	L14						
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L12	eczema\$5	8432	L12						
L11	paralysis	4543	L11						
L10	paralysis deformans	1	L10						
L9	poliomyelitis or poliomyeloencephalitis or poliomyelopathy or poliomyelencephalitis or polioencephalopathy or polioencephalomyelitis or polioencephalomeningomyelitis	911	L9						
L8	poliomyelitis or poliomyelencephalitis	909	L8						

· L7	(high blood pressure or low blood pressure or hypertension or hypotension or hypotension or hypotensive or hyperpiesis or hyperpiesis or hyperpiesis or hypertensive or hypotensive)	49898	L7
L6	phlebit\$3	819	L6
L5	arthriti\$2	41977	L5
L4	sciatic\$3	1911	L4
L3	(L2 or l1) near5 syndrome	2426	L3
L2	(anti\$1rheumat\$5)	7438	L2
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L1	(rheumatic or rheumatism or rheumat\$5)	35560	Ll

END OF SEARCH HISTORY